**Plastic pollution – examples of good papers**

Question 1 (89 words)

Michael Gove came up with this scheme in an attempt to boost recycling, because each year, millions of tons of plastic are dumped in our oceans and 57% of sold plastic bottles in the UK are returned for recycling, which is too little compared to other countries like Denmark or South Australia that both have a deposit return scheme. So in order to reduce the number of plastic bottles, restore the oceans for the next generations and preserve ocean wildlife they need to collect more bottles with the scheme.

Question 2 (202 words)

Only a few years ago, people started to think about the environment. Now it became an emergency. More than ever, reducing pollution is the main topic, so should we sanction or reward people to save the planet?

First we can notice the power of rewarding people. As the American vaccination campaign for Covid when burgers were given to the ones who got vaccinated. Seeing ecology as an obligation can be inefficient because forcing people will make them feel like the move does not come from them, so they will be less concerned.

But rewarding people for an ecomove will just make them look like children running behind a candy-filled truck and it would be a symptom of the state taking responsibility away from citizens. Moreover if not polluting becomes restricted, it would be efficient because it would be normal to respect the law. It is an emergency so being a bit harsh can be necessary.

But finally would it not be for citizen to adapt their consumption for the collective ? Why is it always for the states to punish or reward ? Can people not become responsible to face collective problems instead of behaving like their states’ children without responsibilities ?